

Lieut General A.A.K. Niari, Com mander, Eastern Command and Deputy Martial Law Administrator, Zone B. addressing the people of Aricha en 27.7.71.

Gen. Niazi

visits Aricho. Goalundo Ghat

Lieut-General A. A. K. Niagi, Commander, Eastern Command and Deputy Martial Law Ad-ministrator, Zone B on Tues-day visited Aricha and Goa-jundo Ghat to see arrangements

for quick transportation of foodgrains and other essential commodities to various desti-

On arrival at Aricha, General Niazi was received by a large enthusiastic crowd raising patriotic slogans.

patriotic alogans.

In a brief address, General Niazi appreciated their enthusiasm and high spirits. He said that Muslims never tasted de feat as long as they remained united against their cause. He quoted instences from history to show that Muslims received a setback only when some a setback only when some treacherous elements had un-dermined their unity. He cautioned the people against such elements.

General Nizzi also reminded the people of the glory of the Muslim nation and recounted some of its historic triumphs against enemies of Islam. He said, "We can still achieve same

sublime neights provided we become true Muslims not only (Continued on page 6 col. 8)

Rushbrook Williams says British news media reports quite

Speaking at a Radio Tels-vision interview in Dacca last Saturday, Prof. Rushbrook Williams said what the British Press and radio had said about the situation in East Pakistan "were quite un-founded." "We have studied the situation, as far as we could with the aid of our background knowledge." he

unfounded

Professor Rushbrook Williams, who, accompanied by his wife, arrived at Dacca on July 22, observed one could not help the uncomfortable feeling that India was really taking advantage of a very sad catastrophe to make political capital out of it.

He said: "I am very saddened about them And I am sure that all friends of Pak-

sure that all friends of Pakistan and India have reasons to be saddened about them.

because it seems to me that polit.cal advantages have been taken (by India) of what 'as originally a purely humani tarian question"

Professor Rushbrook Williams said that in the presentation of Pakistan's case in the foreign Press and radio there have bee many distortions and misrepresentations in so far as the East Pakistan situation was concerned. He said, "hardly Pak stan's case has been presented at all".

Prof. Williams went on:
"Going far back and looking at the history of the sub-continent just before it was divided, one forms the impression that many of the Indian nationalist leaders had accepted the partition of the ways expression only because cepted the parameter sub-continent only because that Pakisian they felt sure that Pakisia (Continued on page 16 col. 3)

Missions abroad

Indian efforts to befool world '

fail CALCUTTA, July 26:—India sent her Ministers as her emissaries to different parts of the

saries to different parts of the globe to canvass support for her current policy of intervention in Pakistan's internal affairs, particularly, in respect of the si uation 'n. East Pakistan. But India's effort to befoot the world does not seem to have been fruitful.

India sent her Food and Agriculture Minister Mr Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed to the Arab countries, like the UAR. Syria and the Lebanon, as a special envoy. But he had to return to envoy. But he had to return to his country empty-handed causing disappointment and dismay to his masters at New Delhi.

Delhi.

While describing the disappointment, caused by the failure of Mr. Ahmed's mission, PTI in a despatch from Cairo dated July 4 (published in Hindustan Shandard Calcutta dated July 5) said, "Despite he traditional Arab hospitality, patient hearing and profuse symmathies and concern for the sympathies and concern for the teeming refugees from East, (Continued on page 6 col. 5)

Gen. Niazi

(Continued from page 1)
by faith but also in practice."
The address which was preceded by rectation from the Holy Quran ended up amidst patriotic slogans.
Later, General Niazi visited

patriotic slogans.

Later, General Niazi visited Goalundo Ghat where he saw river traffic functioning normally and transporting foodgrains to the needy areas.

General Niazi returned to Dacca in the afterroon.