

AN OBSERVER

COPIES
IN RS. 2/- PER COPY
General Traders
Ltd.
Hotel Purbani Building
1, Dilkusha CIA Dacca
Phone—281702

AGRAHAIN 13, 1378 (B.S.) SHAWAL 11 1391 (H.) PRICE 25 PAISA (KARACHI 45 PAISA AND WEST PAK 50 PAISA)

ity against aggression

Crush India

By A Staff Correspondent

A huge procession joined by people from all walks of life paraded the city streets on Monday denouncing the Indian aggression on Pakistan and voicing their determination to maintain the national integrity and defend the borders at all costs. Complete hartal was also observed in the city protesting the Indian aggression. The slogan-chanting processionists carried a large number of national flags portraits of the Quaid-e-Azam and banners and festoons inscribed with

various patriotic and anti-Indian slogans

Portraits of President Yahya, Quaid-e-Millat Liaquat Ali and Allama Iqbal, the dreamer of Pakistan, were also carried. A big size portrait of late Nawab Salimullah, founder of Muslim League, was also there.

The slogans chanted by the processionists included: 'Pakistan Zindabad', 'Quaid-e-Azam Zindabad', 'Crush India', 'Cholo cholo Dilli cholo' (let us march to Delhi), 'World Mus-

lims, unite', 'Naraye Taqbir Allah-hu-Akbar', 'Fink the Indian agents'. These slogans were also found inscribed on festoons and placards. Other slogans were: 'Indira Gandhi, Beware', 'Pak Bahini (Pakistan Armed Forces) Zindabad', 'Pak-Chin Bhai Bhai (Pakistan and China are brothers)', 'Stand up to face the Indian attack'. Some placards also denounced Indo-Soviet treaty.

A number of cartoons of the Indian Prime Minister Indira

Gandhi and Indian Foreign Minister Swaran Singh also decorated the procession. Some effigies of the Indian Prime Minister and the Indian Foreign Minister were also carried. A few persons dressed as Mrs. Indira Gandhi were carried on carts to demonstrate people's resentment at the Indian aggression on Pakistan.

Started from Baitul Mukarram after the 'Zohr' prayer the procession marched through Jinnah Avenue, Nawabpur, Liaquat Avenue, Islampur, and Imanganj. On reaching Chawk Bazar the procession was converted into a rally which was addressed by various political leaders.

The speakers warned the Indian expansionists to desist from their nefarious designs against Pakistan, homeland of 12 crore Islam-loving people. They warned India by asserting that if she did not withdraw her troops from the sacred soil of Pakistan and if India dared continue her undeclared war against Pakistan, (Continued on page 6 col 2)

'We can take them on 3 to 1'

Niazi considers war has started

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Lt. General A.K. Niazi, Commander of the Eastern Command, told foreign correspondents in Dacca on Friday he considered that the war between India and Pakistan had started, reports AFP.

"They threw everything they had against me and they failed" he said, referring to a series of Indian attacks that began on Sunday last. The General's remarks were frontpaged in the New York Times on Saturday. "Their Army had failed miserably," General Niazi said, "and the Mukti Bahini has also failed miserably. The only

thing they had succeeded in doing is terrorizing their own people in remote territories."

The General said the Indian Army had poor leadership and weak soldiers. The Pakistani Army, he added, had managed to push back the Indians, although outnumbered by more than three to one.

"The Pakistani soldier is second to none," he said. "We have never lost. Look in the history books. I challenge you to find in history anything but our victories. We have never lost, and the Indians have never won. I can easily take them on three to one."

**Yahya urges Thant
Send observers
on Pakistan
side**

ISLAMABAD; Nov. 29.—The President, Gen. A. M. Yahya Khan has sent a communication to the United Nation's Secretary General, U Thant inviting his attention to the rapid-

**Procession
of buses**

By A Staff Correspondent

Residents of Mirpur and Mohamammadpur brought out a procession of buses, on Monday to protest against the wanton aggression on our homeland by India. The buses, numbering 27, included seven double deckers and were flanked by scooters and pri-

NA opening Drafting of

Crush India

(Continued from page 1)

she would be given a crushing blow by the Pakistanis who derived their strength from 'Iman' and their determination to safeguard the national unity and territorial integrity of their beloved country.

Brought out under the auspices of the Peace Committee the procession was led by prominent leaders belonging to different parties. They included Khawaja Khairuddin, Khan A. Sabur, Maulana Ashraf Ali, Mr. Abdul Jabbar Khadder, Prof. Ghulam Sarwar, Mr. M. A. Matin of Pabna, Mohammad Serajuddin, MPA-elect, Mr. Nurul Islam MNA-elect and provincial Ministers, Mr. Akhtaruddin and Mr. A. S. M. Solaiman.

Syed Khwaja Khairuddin, Convener, Central Peace Committee, and President, East Pakistan Muslim League (Council), addressing the rally, said that no power on earth would be able to harm Pakistan as Pakistan had come to stay for ever. He declared that the entire people, in both the wings of Pakistan, were prepared to make every sacrifice for protecting the national integrity and defending their independence.

Provincial Minister Mr. A. S. M. Solaiman observed that never in the past the Muslims could be defeated by others. The 12 crore people of Pakistan would successfully resist aggression by the Indian imperialists. He warned India that if she did not fulfil the four conditions laid down by him the people of Pakistan would face the aggressors on the Indian soil.

The four conditions were: Withdrawal of troops, compensation for the losses suffered by Pakistan owing to the Indian aggression, withdrawal of the infiltrators sent into Pakistan and acceptance of United Nations observers.

Barrister Aghtaruddin, Provincial Minister, said that the entire people were behind our valiant army who were defending the borders. Charging India with committing aggression on Pakistan Mr. Akhtaruddin observed that it had been proved before the world that it was not we who committed aggression but that India launched aggression against us.

He urged all countries having faith in democratic values to come forward and resist India from her act of aggression.

Nezam-e-Islam leader Maulana Ashraf Ali, while denouncing in strong terms the Indian aggression, gave reasons why a 'Jehad' had become obligatory ('Farz'). "When Muslims are subjected to attack, Jehad becomes farz", he commented.

F.D.P. leader Abdul Jabbar

Khadder urged the people to rise to the occasion and actively help the authorities crush the Indian agents. He said that no doubt our Army was brave and vallant enough to hit back the enemy. But people must exert themselves to eliminate the internal elements of subversion. The Indian agents inside the country were even greater enemies that India herself, he thought.

Mr. Serajuddin, Council Muslim League leader, reminded the Dacca people that Muslim League which created Pakistan had been founded in Dacca. He urged the citizens of Dacca to keep up the tradition.

Mr. M. A. Matin (Pabna) called upon India to withdraw her troops from our soil and declared that 12 crore Pakistanis were united in their determination to make every sacrifice for defending the national unity and independence. Mr. Nuruzzaman, Publicity Secretary, Jamaat-e-Islami, East Pakistan, observing that "we were now in the midst of Jihad" said that people from all walks of life must participate in the struggle to preserve the national independence and national integrity. He also said that along with others, national press and Radio Pakistan and television also must associate themselves in the jihad.

Mr. Shafiqul Hug, Advocate, observed that it was time that Jihad was declared. He appealed to President General Agha Mohammad Yahya Khan to declare 'Jehad'.

Gratitude was expressed at the rally to China and other countries which had been supporting Pakistan in her just struggle. The rally was rounded off with Munazat (prayer) which was led by Maulana Ashraf Ali.

Meanwhile, day-long complete hartal was observed in Dacca city on Monday protesting the Indian aggression. The call for hartal was given by the Central Peace Committee.

All shops and bazars remained closed on the day. Employees of Government, semi-Government, and commercial offices stayed away from their offices.

Although vehicles were allowed to ply after 12 noon but the number of vehicles plying on the city roads were very thin till afternoon on the day. In view of the examinations (Degree, Pass and Subsidiary) of Dacca University commencing from the day, rickshaws were allowed to ply in the morning till 10-30. But very few rickshaws were seen plying on the roads.

All essential services, which were exempted from the hartal by the sponsors, remained undisturbed. Transports carrying staff of the essential services plied on the roads.

Algeria

Yahya-Amin